

OVERVIEW

- Investing in global equities requires a holistic view of the shrinking world in which we live
- The U.S. has recently outperformed in terms of both economic growth and market performance
- As relationships cycle through time, successful implementation requires consistent engagement abroad

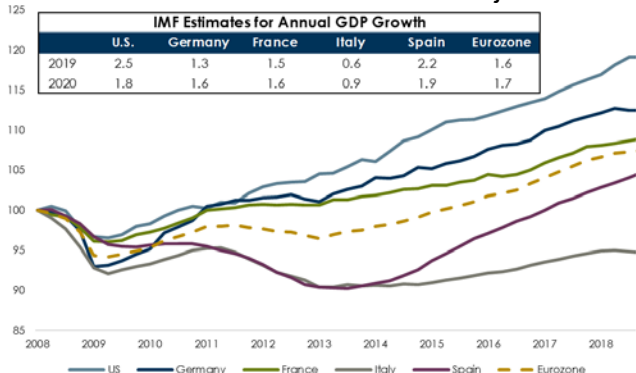
Background

As of December 31, 2018, the market capitalization of U.S. stocks represented 54% of the broad MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI). While investors in every part of the world tend to exhibit a notable “home country bias” within their equity portfolios, there are roughly 10,500 public companies (about 3x the U.S. count) based outside of our borders that offer access to differentiated drivers of return, including: economic growth, corporate profits & dividends, varied interest rate & credit cycles, and a basket of currency exposures. Europe is the largest regional constituent within the MSCI EAFE Index, the most frequently referenced benchmark for Non-U.S. developed country equities.

Economic Growth & Fundamentals

Subsequent to the global financial crisis, the Eurozone had to face several additional episodes of turmoil. This has caused overall economic growth, as measured by the cumulative change in Real GDP, to trail that of the U.S. over the past decade. Despite the varied political concerns making headlines and weighing on sentiment across the 19-country bloc, recent data and projections suggest that the differential favoring the U.S. will soon begin to moderate. Manufacturing orders are perhaps an area to watch with a critical eye given the recent downturn in export demand from China. That said, employment and wage growth, along with stable corporate balance sheets and favorable bank lending, support ongoing domestic demand growth.

Relative Economic Growth: Past & Projected



Source: Bloomberg, IMF (January 2019), ACG Research

Policy Remains Very Accommodative

Having purchased ~\$3 trillion of bonds since June 2014, the European Central Bank (ECB) formally ended its aggressive quantitative easing program at the end of last year. That said, President Mario Draghi has recently made comments suggesting that the prospects for further monetary policy “normalization” in the region are on hold indefinitely given

intensified risks due to global trade disputes and financial market volatility. Uncertainties around near-term Brexit negotiations with the United Kingdom, and persistent geopolitical issues in France and Italy that represent a potential threat to EU cohesion longer-term, may also limit the ECB’s willingness to remove policy accommodation. Ultimately, until both realized inflation and market-based inflation expectations for the region approach the targeted 2% level, policy rates will likely remain in negative territory.

Cyclical Performance & Relative Valuations

International markets do not outperform in all periods, as no such free lunch exists in financial markets. Rather, the MSCI EAFE Index has consistently rotated leadership with large cap U.S. stocks, as represented by the MSCI USA Index, over the past 50 years. However, in the post-crisis decade of recovery, U.S. equities have outperformed Non-U.S. developed counterparts by roughly 175% on a cumulative basis. This extended streak of domestic dominance has flipped the since-inception return advantage previously enjoyed by the international benchmark, from +0.5% per year to -0.5% per year. As returns do not happen in a vacuum, valuations have adjusted accordingly. It’s notable that on a forward P/E basis, the MSCI EAFE Index is trading at nearly its deepest discount to U.S. stocks in 20 years.

Rolling 3-Year Difference: MSCI EAFE - MSCI USA



Source: FactSet, ACG Research

ACG’s Position

It’s not surprising that investors are increasingly questioning the value of maintaining their Non-U.S. exposures. That said, we would warn investors of the behavioral trap commonly referred to as the recency bias. As asset classes and regions periodically trade leadership, often with little predictable regularity or specific catalysts, it’s not rational to believe that trends of underperformance will always persist. At a time when pessimism is high and expectations are low, Non-U.S. stocks trade at low double-digit multiples with relatively attractive yields. It’s darkest before the light, and it’s precisely times like these when the case for portfolio inclusion alongside U.S. holdings make the most sense.

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